Special Interest Group on Design Automation

SIGDA - The Resource for EDA Professionals

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Circulation: 2,700
Online archive: http://www.sigda.org/newsletter

SIGDA News

1. **Exploring the Industrial Relevance of QNLP**
   One of the most demanding—yet fascinating—challenges that researchers, scientists and academics are facing is understanding the mathematics of language. In this context, the discipline that deals with defining and applying models and tools to the treatment of natural language is called computational linguistics (CL). By nature, CL is interdisciplinary, as it combines methods and techniques of linguistics with those of computer science, artificial intelligence (AI) and statistics.

2. **Micron Pushes DRAM Node for Mobile First**
   Micron Technology has been setting the pace for DRAM advancement of late. Its 1-beta DRAM technology continues the trend, but other major vendors are keeping up, even as it looks like DRAM prices will be lower in 2023.

3. **Samsung, Micron Battle for NAND Supremacy**
   The memory industry has always gone through a predictable boom-and-bust cycle, but the pandemic and geopolitical instability has introduced new twists to the market over the course of 2022, and uncertainty will continue to play a role in 2023.

4. **AV Radar Moves to Domain Controller for First Time**
   At CES 2023, Ambarella demonstrated its centralized architecture for radar processing in autonomous vehicles (AVs), which allows fewer radar sensors to be used in each AV. Ambarella’s offering is a combination of its...
CV3 family of domain controller chips with AI algorithms and software from Oculii, which Ambarella acquired in 2021.

5. **Experts: U.S. Military Chip Supply Is Dangerously Low**

The U.S. Department of Defense (DoD) will probably take years to wean itself from Asian chip supplies because of a dearth of investments in domestic production capacity, according to industry insiders and government observers.

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**What is Hyperdimensional Computing?**

The human brain remains the most sophisticated processing component that has ever existed. The ever-growing research in biological vision, cognitive psychology, and neuroscience has given rise to many concepts that have led to prolific advancement in artificial intelligence accomplishing cognitive task. HyperDimensional (HD) Computing is introduced as an alternative paradigm that mimics important brain functionalities towards high-efficiency and noise-tolerant computation [1]. HD computing is motivated by the observation that the human brain operates on high-dimensional data representations. In HD computing, objects are thereby encoded with high-dimensional vectors, called hypervectors, which have thousands of elements [2, 3]. HD computing incorporates learning capability along with typical memory functions of storing/loading information. It mimics important functionalities of the human memory model with vector operations, which are computationally tractable and mathematically rigorous in describing human cognition [4, 5]. HD computing relies on the algebraic properties of their key operations to incorporate the advantages of structured symbolic and vector distributed representations. It operates over a well-defined and hardware-friendly set of mathematics: Binding is well suited for associating two hypervectors and used for variable-value association. Bundling is a memorization function that keeps the information of input data into a bundled vector. Permutation is an operation to represent sequences by creating a near-orthogonal but reversible hypervector. Reasoning is done by measuring the similarity of hypervectors.

HD computing has shown several advantages as the next generation of cognitive machines. First, its training capability in one or few shots, where
partial data are learned from one or few examples as opposed to many iterations [6, 7]. Second, HD operations are highly parallel and do not require frequent weight updates, thus empowering online learning on processing in-memory [8]. Third, HD computing has natural robustness to noise and bit errors provided by the high-dimensional distributed representations. This enables greater tolerance for device variability and unreliable emerging technologies, such as non-volatile memory or nanoscale devices with low signal-to-noise ratio [8-10]. Finally, HD computing has been shown great potential to enable lightweight privacy and security [11-14].

References:

Xun Jiao,
AE for What is
Muhammad Shafique,
AE for What is
Rajsaktish Sankaranarayanan,
AE for Researcher spotlight
Xin Zhao,
AE for Paper submission
Ying Wang,
AE for Technical activities
Jiaqi Zhong,
AE for Technical activities

Paper Deadlines

GLSVLSI'23 – ACM Great Lakes Symposium on VLSI
Knoxville, TN
Deadline: Feb. 6, 2023
June 5-7, 2023
http://www.glsvlsi.org

ISVLSI’23 – IEEE Computer Society Annual Symposium on VLSI
Iguana Falls, Brazil
Deadline: Feb 23, 2023
June 20 - 23, 2023
http://www.ieee-isvlsi.org

MDTS’23 – IEEE Microelectronics Design & Test Symposium
Albany, NY
Deadline: Feb 26, 2023
Tentative Date: May 8-10, 2023
http://natw.ieee.org


SIGDA Awards

1. IEEE Gustav Robert Kirchhoff Award @ ASP-DAC 2023

28th Asia and South Pacific Design Automation Conference (ASP-DAC 2023) (aspdac.com)

Yoshisuke Ueda

2. Best Paper Award @ ASP-DAC 2023

ASP-DAC 2023 Technical Program (tsys.jp)

2C-2: Approximate Floating-Point FFT Design with Wide Precision-Range and High Energy Efficiency

Author: Chenyi Wen, Ying Wu, Xunzhao Yin, Cheng Zhuo (Zhejiang Univ., China)

3D-1: Rethink before Releasing your Model: ML Model Extraction Attack in EDA

Author: Chen-Chia Chang, Jingyu Pan (Duke Univ., USA), Zhiyao Xie (Hong Kong Univ. of Science and Tech., Hong Kong), Jiang Hu (Texas A&M Univ., USA), Yiran Chen (Duke Univ., USA)

ISLPED’23 – ACM/IEEE Int’l Symposium on Low Power Electronics and Design
Vienna, Austria
Deadline: March 13, 2023
(Abstracts due: March 6, 2023)
Aug 7-8, 2023
http://www.islped.org

ESWEEK’23 - Embedded Systems Week
Hamburg, Germany
Deadline: March 23, 2023
(Abstracts due: March 16, 2023)
Sept. 17-22, 2023
http://www.esweek.org

IWLS’23 - International Workshop on Logic & Synthesis
EPFL, Lausanne, Switzerland
Deadline: April 10, 2023
(Abstracts due: April 3, 2023)
June 5-6, 2023
https://www.iwls.org

ICCAD’23 – IEEE/ACM Int’l Conference on Computer-Aided Design
San Francisco, CA
Deadline: May 22, 2023
(Abstracts due: May 15, 2023)
Oct 29 - Nov 2, 2023
http://www.iccad.com

VLSI-SoC’23 – IFIP/IEEE Int’l Conference on Very Large Scale Integration
Dubai, UAE
Deadline: May 23, 2023
(Abstracts due: May 16, 2023)
Oct 16-18, 2023
http://www.vlsi-soc.com
3. Special Feature Award @ ASP-DAC 2023

ASP-DAC 2023 Technical Program (tys.jp)

2E-1: ViraEye: An Energy-Efficient Stereo Vision Accelerator with Binary Neural Network in 55 nm CMOS

Author: Yu Zhang, Gang Chen, Tao He, Qian Huang, Kai Huang (Sun Yat-sen Univ., China)

4. Best Design Award @ ASP-DAC 2023

ASP-DAC 2023 Technical Program (tys.jp)

2E-5: A fully synchronous digital LDO with built-in adaptive frequency modulation and implicit dead-zone control

Author: Shun Yamaguchi, Mahfuzul Islam, Takashi Hisakado, Osami Wada (Kyoto Univ., Japan)

Who’s Who

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Upcoming Conferences

FPGA’23 – ACM/SIGDA Int’l Symposium on Field-Programmable Gate Arrays
Monterey, CA
Feb 12 - 14, 2023
http://www.isfpga.org

ISSCC’23 – IEEE Int’l Solid-State Circuits Conference
San Francisco, CA
Feb 19-23, 2023
http://isscc.org

DATE’23 - Design Automation and Test in Europe
Antwerp, Belgium
Mar 17-19, 2023
http://www.date-conference.com

ISPD’23 – ACM Int’l Symposium on Physical Design
Virtual Conference
Mar 26 - 29, 2023
http://www.ispd.cc

ISQED’23 - Int’l Symposium on Quality Electronic Design
San Francisco, CA
April 5-7, 2023
http://www.isqed.org

HOST’23 – IEEE Int’l Symposium on Hardware-Oriented Security and Trust
San Jose, CA
May 1-4, 2023
http://www.hostsymposium.org

FCCM’23 - IEEE International Symposium On Field-Programmable Custom Computing Machines
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